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(4) .

(NJC)

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(-:) (.

(-:) (.

(-:) (.

" "

(3500 – 3000)

-: . (70 – 60) (1 ± 25)

. %0.1 (1

) (3.7)

.(

(.2

. %0.01 ()

%(1.5)] (.3

[ppm 400 %(1.5 1)

(NH₄)₂SO₄ (.4

() . %(2 1.5) %(0.025)

Abstract

Chemical potentiation of aqueous extracts of Ginger (*Zingiber Officinale* Roscoe) rhizome in terms of adventitious root formation (ARF) of mung bean (*Phaseolus aureus* Roxb.) cutting was carried out by adding chemical substances of different nature, during aging of cutting for 3 – days in aqueous extract . However , the chemicals that were added to potentiate the extract during aging period are :-

- A) Carbohydrates (eg : sucrose and glucose)
- B) Vitamins (eg : ascorbic acid)
- C) Nitrogenous compounds (eg : $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$)

However , stem cutting as "experimental system" were taken from 10–days–old seedlings of mung bean. These seedlings were growing in growth cabinet under standard conditions of continuous light, light irradiance (3000-3500 lux) temperature (25 ± 1) and relative humidity (60-70%). The results revealed the followings:-

1-The optimum concentration of ginger extract was 0.1% in terms of ARF. The mean root no./cutting formed at this conc. is (3.7 folds) than control (Fresh untreated cutting with auxin).

2-The processes that occurs during aging which lead to diminishing rooting response in aged cuttings was overcome or stopped completely by water extract of ginger at conc. of 0.01%.

3-Statistically, the significant role of sucrose, glucose and ascorbic acid at conc. [(1.5%)(1.0 and 1.5%) and 400ppm] respectively in stopping the processes that occurs during aging that render the cutting to respond for rooting as if they were fresh cuttings.

4-Potentiation of ginger extract in terms of ARF in mung bean cuttings occurred by adding $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ (0.025%) and glucose (1.5 and 2)% to the extract. The potentiation was represented by significant increase in rooting response of cutting aged in such extracts. Surprisingly, such increment was markedly skipped (raised over) that of fresh cuttings.

(3)

Pyridoxine Nicotinamide (1)

Ascorbic acid Thiamine

Vit.k Carotene

Adenine

(Inductive auxin treatment)

(4)

Ascorbic acid

Phaseolus)

- (Free radicals)

(2) (*aureus* Vr. Berkin

(5,6)

()

(3.7) (28.8) (2.7)
 Completely Randomized (CRD)
 (%10 %1) L.S.D. Design
 0.05)
 . (8.8 11.2) . (0.01
 -:
 (1)
 (%0.1) ()
 (6.5)
 10⁻⁴ M (N.A.A)
 23.8) (58)
 %41 ((%0.1 %0.01)
 . (58)
 (0.01)
 .
 (17.3)

(1)

Treatment for 24h. in:	Mean root No./ cutting
dH ₂ O	6.5
N.A.A. 10 ⁻⁴ M	58
Ginger 0.01%	17.3 **
Ginger 0.1%	23.8 **
Ginger 1%	11.2
Ginger 10%	8.8

. %100 = 0.05 L.S.D
 0.01 L.S.D 5.03
 7.19 =

-: (2)

(%0.01)

10M

(68.1) 4

(61.3)

. (39.4) (39.4)

(%57)

(2)

(68.1)

(%0.01)

(%1 %0.1)

(39.4)

49.3)

(49.3)

(2)

Aged cutting for 3 days in :-	Subsequent treatment for 24h.	Mean root No./ cutting
None	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	68.1
dlH ₂ O	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	39.4
Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	61.3 **
Ginger 0.1%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	49.3
Ginger 1%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	49.3
Ginger 10%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	8.5

21.01 = 0.01

L.S.D

14.68 = 0.05

L.S.D

(3)

(72.3)

10⁻⁴ M

%(1.5)

(72.3)

(65.9)

(28.8)

.(%61)

(%1.5)

%1

(28.8)

(65.9)

(%2)

%5

(3)

Aged cutting for 3 days in :	Subsequent treatment for 24h.	Mean root No./ cutting
None	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	72.3
dlH ₂ O	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	28.8
Sucrose 1%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	41.6
Sucrose 1.5%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	65.9**
Sucrose 2%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	50.3*
Sucrose 2.5%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	35.58
Sucrose 3%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	38.75

21.5 = 0.01

L.S.D

15.05 = 0.05

L.S.D

(4)

(63.5)

(%2 %1)

(29.6 39.3)

(63.5)

(%3 %2.5)

.(72.3)

(10.2 13.1)

(%2)

(%1.5)

(%1.5)

(%0.01)

(1)

(64.8)

. (%0.01)

(2.3)

(28.8)

(4)

Aged cutting for 3 days in :	Subsequent treatment for 24h	Mean root No./ cutting
None	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	72.25
dlH ₂ O	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	28.8
Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	63.5
Sucrose 1% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	39.3
Sucrose 1.5% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	64.8
Sucrose 2% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	29.6
Sucrose 2.5% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	13.1
Sucrose 3% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	10.2

22.7 = 0.01

L.S.D

15.9 = 0.05

L.S.D

(% 5) (5)
 (78.4)
 10⁻⁴ M (78.4)
 (%2.5 %2) (%1.5 %1)
 (%3) 66.4) (%5)
 (68.2)
 (40.3)
 (5)

Aged cutting for 3 days in :	Subsequent treatment for 24h.	Mean root No./ cutting
None	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	78.4
dH ₂ O	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	40.3
Glucose 1%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	66.4*
Glucose 1.5%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	68.2*
Glucose 2%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	44.5
Glucose 2.5%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	54.8
Glucose 3%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	0

29.9 = 0.01

L.S.D

20.9 = 0.05

L.S.D

(6)
 %1)
) (%2 %1.5
 ((%0.01)
 (%120 %140 %122)
 (%1)
 (40.3)
 (66)
 94.6)
 (96.1 111.5

(6)

Aged cutting for 3 days in :	Subsequent treatment for 24h	Mean root No./ cutting
None	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	78.4
dH ₂ O	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	40.3
Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	66
Glucose 1% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	99.6**
Glucose 1.5% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	111.5**
Glucose 2% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	96.08**
Glucose 2.5% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	63.5
Glucose 3% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	49.2

28.19 = 0.01

L.S.D

19.7 = 0.05

L.S.D

Ascorbic (7)

\ (400)

Acid

(%1)

10⁻⁴ M

(72.3)

(72.3)

\ (400)

\ (200)

(%1)

(2.4)

(68.9)

(47.3)

(28.8)

Ascorbic Acid (7)

Aged cutting for 3 days in :	Subsequent treatment for 24h	Mean root No./ cutting
None	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	72.3
dH ₂ O	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	28.8
Ascorbic Acid, 25 mg/L	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	28.8
Ascorbic Acid, 50 mg/L	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	30
Ascorbic Acid, 100 mg/L	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	42.5
Ascorbic Acid, 200 mg/L	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	47.3*
Ascorbic Acid, 400 mg/L	N.A.A.10 ⁻⁴ M	68.9**

18.7 = 0.01

L.S.D

13.08 = 0.05

L.S.D

(%0.01)

(8) Ascorbic Acid

\ (100)

(54.3) (%0.01)

(63.5) .(28.8)

(1.9) \ (400 200)

.(28.8)

L.S.D

(72.3) .(0.01)

(54.3 54.1)

.(28.8)

\ (400 - 200)

Ascorbic Acid (8)

Aged cutting for 3 days in :	Subsequent treatment for 24h	Mean root No./ cutting
None	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	72.3
dlH ₂ O	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	28.8
Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	63.5
A.A 25 ppm + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	29.75
A.A 50 ppm + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	20.16
A.A 100 ppm + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	37.25
A.A 200 ppm + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	54.1
A.A 400 ppm + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	54.3

19.4 = 0.01

L.S.D

13.5 = 0.05

L.S.D

(NH₄)₂SO₄

(0.05) (9)

(54.4) (23) (%0.025)

(%81.8)

(NH₄)₂SO₄ (77.4)

(%0.025) (0.01)

(54.4)

(%0.1)

(%0.05)

(%0.2)

(68.5)

(54.4)

 $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$

(9)

Aged cutting for 3 days in :	Subsequent treatment for 24h	Mean root No./ cutting
None	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	94.6
dH ₂ O	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	54.4
$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ 0.025%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	77.4*
$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ 0.05%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	68.5
$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ 0.1%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	18.1
$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$ 0.2	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	0

21.2 = 0.01

L.S.D

14.8 = 0.05

L.S.D

(10)

)

(%0.05)

(%0.01

(78)

(70.2)

 10^{-4}

(54.4)

 $(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$

(70.2)

(%0.025)

(122)

(94.6)

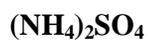
(0.01)

(%0.1)

(20)

(54.4)

(%0.2)



(10)

Aged cutting for 3 days in :	Subsequent treatment for 24h	Mean root No./ cutting
None	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	94.6
dH ₂ O	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	54.4
Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	70.2
(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ 0.025% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	122**
(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ 0.05% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	78
(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ 0.1% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	20
(NH ₄) ₂ SO ₄ 0.2% + Ginger 0.01%	N.A.A. 10^{-4} M	0

= 0.01

L.S.D

17.59 = 0.05

L.S.D

25.16

.(7)

.(8)

. (Antidesiccant)

(1)

(IAA –

.(7)

oxidase)

.(14)

.(12)

(cut – roses)

.(13)

3

(4)

(Antioxidant)		%2	%2.5	%3
Gingerol	Gingerdiol			
		(3)	
6-Gingerediol	Intermediates			
(17)				
(7)			(Antagonistic)
		(3)		
				(5
	mg/l (400 200))
				%1.5 %1
(68.9)				
		(72.3)		(15)
IAA-	(18,19)	(16)	Populus	
	oxidase			
	(15)			
	Lipid peroxidation		(7)	
				(6
E , C	(20))
Beech			%2	%1.5 %1
(400 200)				
	(8) mg/l		
		(-		
		(Phenyl		OH)
		(6-Gingerediol)		Group)

(%0.025 %0.05)
(23)

mg/l (400 200)

(%0.01)
mg/l (25 - 100)

Tannin

(24)

()

CO₂

(19)

Emblica officinalis

Ribulose1,5 diphosphate carboxylase
(25)

Tannins

. Ellagic acid Gallic acid

(26,27)

Ribulose1,5 diphosphate carboxylase

200)

mg/l (400

()

(7,8)

(9)

(NH₄)₂SO₄

(10)

(%0.2)

(122)

. (21)

(70.2)

) (77.4)

Phaseolus vulgaris

\

(9

Leakage

(3)

(22)

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