

		(NJC)			
		(2007/ 9/6)		(2006/12/ 26)	
466	-	350			
/	24-1			-	350
	466	-	/	34-2	350
-	-	%100.51	%99.66 (350
		%1.7	(

Abstract

A simple and selective spectrophotometric method is described for the determination of p-aminophenol and m-aminophenol alone and in admixture. The analysis is based on the reaction of tetracyanoethylene reagent with the above amines in basic aqueous solution of sodium hydroxide forming two products having absorption bands at λ_{\max} at 350 nm for p-aminophenol and at 466 and 350 nm for m-aminophenol. Beer's law is obeyed in the range of 1-24 $\mu\text{g/ml}$ for p-aminophenol at 350 nm and 2-34 nm for m-aminophenol at 466 nm. The determination of amines in admixture is mainly depended on the measurement of absorbances of complexes using two identical sets of solutions, each at its λ_{\max} and under its respective optimised conditions. The accuracy (average recovery %) are 99.66 % and 100.51 % for p-aminophenol and m-aminophenol respectively with precision (RSD) less than 1.7 % for the two components in admixture.

-6,3- -1- -8
 8-amino-1-naphthol-)
 (3,6-disulphonic acid
 640 -
 -2 1 .[1]
 -4-
 500 .[2] -
 - .[10] -
 () p-)(PAS)
 400 .[3](aminosalicylic acid
 - -
 - (Periodates) (Iodate)
 - (Iodide)
 - .[11]
 - (p-phenylenediamine) .[4]
 -
 540 electron)
 555 - .[5] (capture-GC
 .[12] -
 - (RP- -
 - .[8-6] HPLC)
 - (LC)
 - .[9]
 n
 -3,2 [13]

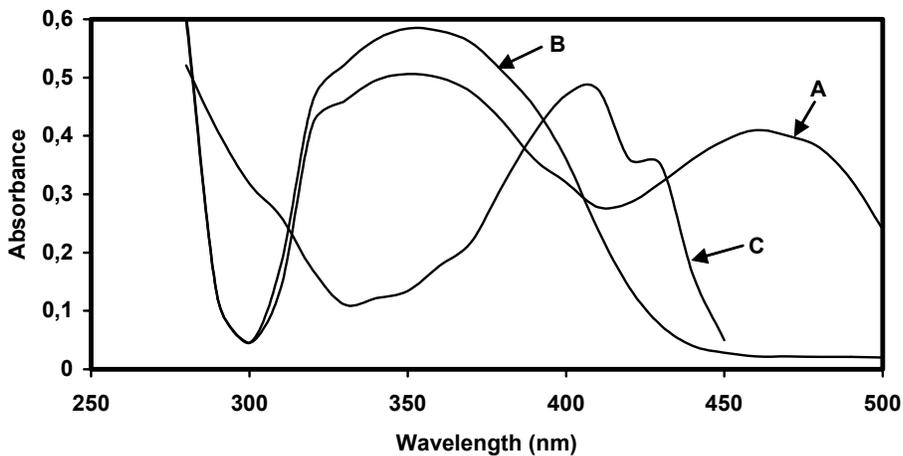
: - - -6,5-
 100 [14] (DDQ)
 . / .π
⁻³ ~ :
 0.02 5×10
 100
 25 -
 (6.00-0.25)
 100 (8.50-2.00)
 - /
 -
 1.2 1.0
 1.0
 1×10⁻² TCNE (Cecil single beam (CE 1021))
 Shimadzu UV-210 Double-beam)
 - 350 (Spectrophotometer
 - 466
 . 5 . 1
 -
 (Gallen Kamp)
 25
 - - CEI 0-) (Philips (PW 9420))
 AND (12
 () - .(HR-200)
 466 :(TCNE)
) -
 350 (0.0129 1×10⁻²
 . (%100-99)
 . 10

TCNE

(1) 350 -

TCNE
NaOH

466 350



: $2 \cdot 10 \times 1$ 1 :(1)

25 - $4 \cdot 10 \times 1.8$.A
25 - $4 \cdot 10 \times 1.8$.B
.C

($2 \cdot 10 \times 1$)

466 350

(TCNE)

(1)

1.2 1.0

4.39 4.12

(2.0-0.2)

(5×10^{-3})

25

(/ 20) -

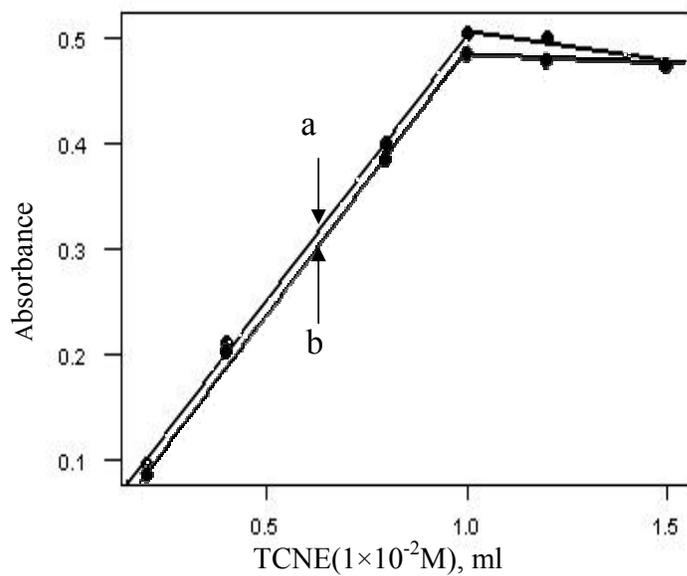
TCNE

1.0

ml of 5×10^{-3} M of NaOH	Absorbance of TCNE with		Final pH	
	p-aminophenol	m-aminophenol	p-aminophenol	m-aminophenol
0.2	0.201	0.211	2.9	2.79
0.5	0.293	0.320	3.11	3.05
0.8	0.477	0.460	3.95	3.85
1.0	0.508	0.472	4.12	3.95
1.2	0.501	0.485	4.39	4.3
1.5	0.495	0.480	0.462	4.6

(-TCNE) : (1)

(/
NaOH (TCNE)
TCNE
(2)
1.0 (1.5-0.2)
- TCNE - (2×10^{-2})
20)



- (b) - (a) TCNE (2)

. °40 0

TCNE

5 °20

30 - TCNE

.(2) -

. TCNE

NaOH

Temp. °C	Absorbance									
	Time (min)							Time (hours)		
	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	1.0	1.5	Overnight
0	-	0.495	0.496	0.495	0.490	0.481	0.461	0.441	0.430	-
20*	0.498	0.502	0.504	0.504	0.504	0.503	0.503	0.498	0.477	0.315
30	-	0.495	0.490	0.481	0.462	0.453	0.451	0.432	0.416	-

(- -TCNE) : (2)

466 350

- -

[15]

(SDS)

(CPC)

4.39

-

4.12

-

-

TCNE

-

(4)

.TCNE

-

(II)

(3)

Order of addition	Order No.	Absorbance	
		p-Aminophenol	m-Aminophenol
Aminophenol+ TCNE+ NaOH	I	0.410	0.405
Aminophenol+ NaOH+ TCNE	II	0.425	0.410
TCNE +NaOH+ Aminophenol	III	0.319	0.377
TCNE+ Aminophenol+ NaOH	IV	0.379	0.386

:(3)

(4)

-
TCNE

Condition	p-Aminophenol	m-Aminophenol
λ_{\max} (nm)	350	466
Temp. (°C)	20	20
Development time (min)	5.0	5.0
Stability period (min)	30	30
NaOH 5×10^{-3} M (ml)	1.0	1.2
TCNE 1×10^{-2} M (ml)	1.0	1.0
Final pH	4.1	4.3

- : (4)

$$\frac{1}{\lambda_{\max}} = \frac{1}{350} \quad \frac{1}{\lambda_{\max}} = \frac{1}{466}$$

$$0.0326 \quad 0.024$$

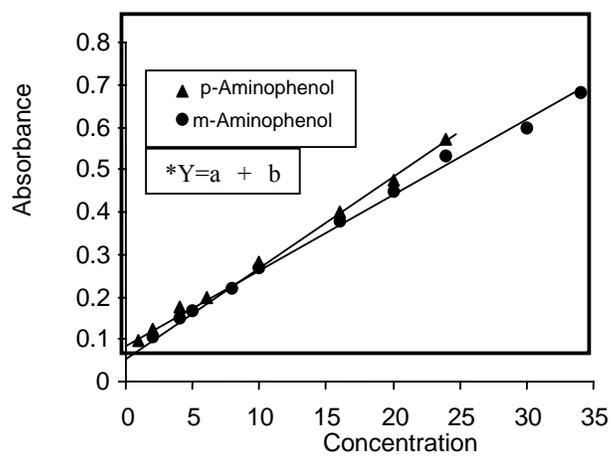
(3)

$$\left(\frac{1}{\lambda_{\max}} \right)_{466} = 24-1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\lambda_{\max}} \right)_{350} = 34-2$$

$$0.9995 \quad 0.9992$$

$$3.371 \times 10^3 \quad 4.574 \times 10^3$$



- : (3)

Compounds	Slope	Intercept	Correlation coefficient
m-aminophenol	0.0191	0.0716	0.9995
p-aminophenol	0.02	0.082	0.9992

* Y=absorbance unit, a=Intercept, b= slope and c= concentration of analyte ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)

(5)

- %99.99 (Recovery %)
 - %99.98 (RSD)
 . %3.3

Compound	Amount added $\mu\text{g/ml}$	Recovery* %	Average recovery %	R.S.D*
p-Aminophenol	6	99.99	99.99	0.908
	16	100.01		0.033
	24	99.97		0.008
m-Aminophenol	6	99.98	99.98	3.300
	16	99.98		0.260
	24	99.99		0.568

*Average of six determinations.

:(5)

(4) - -

466 - -

(TCNE)

466 350

6) TCNE -

- (/) 350

466 - - .(1)

.(4) -

466

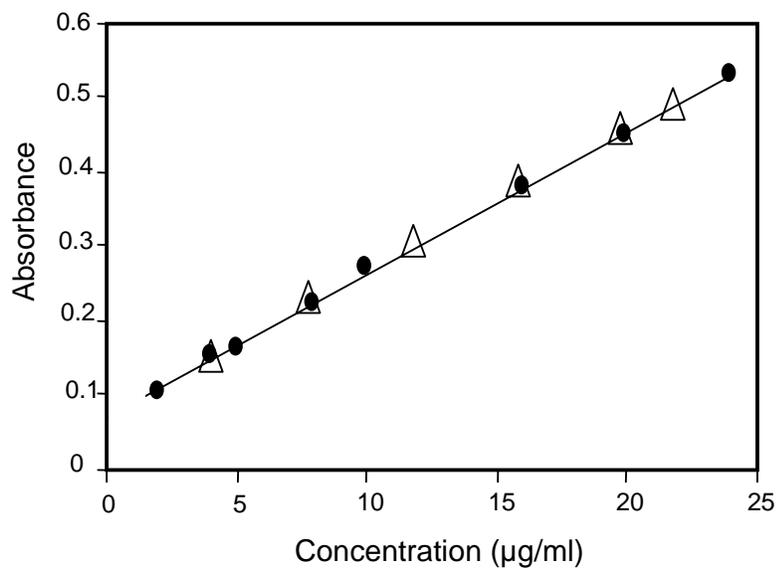
:

25

- (/ 24-2)

-

(/ 6)



(●) - - : (4)

(Δ) - / 6

إيجاد الامتصاصية المولارية للميتا-امينوفينول
تحت الظروف المثلى للبارا-امينوفينول

350

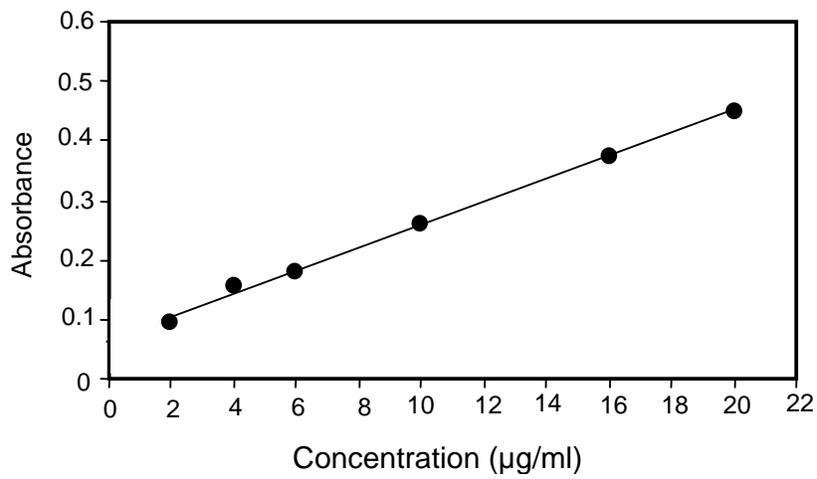
[16]

466

350

1- 1- 3336

(5)



(5)

) - :

/ 5.97 (-

(0.5427×10^{-4} -

.%99.5 :

(/ 6)

(/ 10) -

() -

350

466

$$A_{350} = \epsilon_1 b_1 c_1 + \epsilon_2 b_2 c_2 \quad \dots\dots\dots (1)$$

$$A = 0.595 \quad (350)$$

$$\epsilon_1 = 4574 \quad -$$

$$\epsilon_2 = 3336 \quad -$$

(350)

$$c_1 = ? \quad -$$

$$c_2 = 0.5427 \times 10^{-4} \quad -$$

$$b = 1.0 \text{ cm}$$

(1)

$$0.595 = 4574 \times 1 \times c_1 + 3336 \times 1 \times 0.547 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$c_1 = 0.90188 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$\mu\text{g/ml} = M \times \text{M.Wt.} \times 10^3$$

$$\mu\text{g/ml} = 0.90188 \times 10^{-4} \times 109 \times 1000 = 9.83$$

$$\% E = \frac{\text{found} - \text{taken}}{\text{taken}} \times 100 = \frac{9.83 - 10}{10} \times 100 = -1.7$$

$$\text{Recovery \%} = 98.32\%$$

(6)

Amount added ($\mu\text{g/ml}$)		Recovery* (%)		R.S.D* (%)	
p-aminophenol	m-aminophenol	p-aminophenol	m-aminophenol	p-aminophenol	m-aminophenol
10	6	98.32	99.34	0.85	0.24
8	20	101.23	100.50	0.95	0.35
20	14	99.50	101.85	1.64	0.55
16	10	99.60	100.37	0.73	1.21
		Av. = 99.66	Av. = 100.51		

*Average of three determinations.

- : (6)

350

350

:

	%99.66		
		%100.51	
%1.7			TCNE
(TCNE)			TCNE
			350 466

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